Advanced Information

January 2001



3V 512Kx8/256K×16 CMOS Flash EEPROM

Features

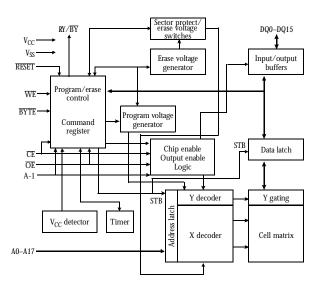
- Organization: 512Kx8/256Kx16
- Sector architecture
 - One 16K; two 8K; one 32K; and seven 64K byte sectors
- One 8K; two 4K; one 16K; and seven 32K word sectors
- Boot code sector architecture—T (top) or B (bottom)
- Erase any combination of sectors or full chip
- Single 2.7-3.6V power supply for read/write operations
- Sector protection
- High speed 80/90/120 ns address access time
- Automated on-chip programming algorithm
 - Automatically programs/verifies data at specified address
- Automated on-chip erase algorithm
 - Automatically preprograms/erases chip or specified sectors
- Hardware **RESET** pin
 - Resets internal state machine to read mode

- Low power consumption
 - 200 nA typical automatic sleep mode current

AS29LV400

- 200 nA typical standby current
- 10 mA typical read current
- JEDEC standard software, packages and pinouts
 - 48-pin TSOP
 - 44-pin SO
- Detection of program/erase cycle completion
 - DQ7 DATA polling
 - DQ6 toggle bit
 - DQ2 toggle bit
 - RY/BY output
- Erase suspend/resume
 - Supports reading data from or programming data to a sector not being erased
- Low V_{CC} write lock-out below 1.5V
- 10 year data retention at 150C
- 100,000 write/erase cycle endurance

Logic block diagram



Pin arrangement

48-pin TSOP 44-pin SO RY/BY RESET NC WE 2222200826044 A13 A8 0 Α7 41 A9 A6 40 A 10 A5 39 A11 A12 A4 37 A13 AS29LV400 Α2 36 A14 AS29LV400 A15 10 35 A1 A16 34 A0 11 BYTE 33 CE 12 V_{SS} 13 32 DQ15/A-1 OE 14 31 DQ7 DQ0 15 30 DQ8 16 _____ DQ14 DQ6 DQ1 17 28 DQ9 18 _____ DQ13 27 DQ5 DQ2 19 26 ⊐ DQ12 DQ10 25 20 DQ4 DQ3 21 DQ11 23 V_{CC} 22 DQ1

Selection guide

		29LV400-80	29LV400-90	29LV400-120	Unit
Maximum access time	t _{AA}	80	90	120	ns
Maximum chip enable access time	t _{CE}	80	90	120	ns
Maximum output enable access time	t _{OE}	30	35	50	ns



Functional description

The AS29LV400 is an 4 megabit, 3.0 volt only Flash memory organized as 512Kbyte of 8 bits/256Kbytes of 16 bits each. For flexible erase and program capability, the 4 megabits of data is divided into eleven sectors: one 16K, two 8K, one 32K, and seven 64k byte sectors; or one 8K, two 4K, one 16K, and seven 32K word sectors. The ×8 data appears on DQ0–DQ7; the ×16 data appears on DQ0–DQ15. The AS29LV400 is offered in JEDEC standard 48-pin TSOP and 44-pin SOP packages. This device is designed to be programmed and erased in-system with a single 3.0V V_{CC} supply. The device can also be reprogrammed in standard EPROM programmers.

The AS29LV400 offers access times of 80/90/120 ns, allowing 0-wait state operation of high speed microprocessors. To eliminate bus contention the device has separate chip enable (CE), write enable (WE), and output enable (OE) controls. Word mode (×16 output) is selected by BYTE = high and Byte mode (×8 output) is selected by BYTE = low.

The AS29LV400 is fully compatible with the JEDEC single power supply Flash standard. Write commands to the command register using standard microprocessor write timings. An internal state-machine uses register contents to control the erase and programming circuitry. Write cycles also internally latch addresses and data needed for the programming and erase operations. Read data from the device in the same manner as other Flash or EPROM devices. Use the program command sequence to invoke the automated on-chip programming algorithm that automatically times the program pulse widths and verifies proper cell margin. Use the erase command sequence to invoke the automated on-chip erase algorithm that preprograms the sector if it is not already programmed before executing the erase operation, times the erase pulse widths, and verifies proper cell margin.

Boot sector architecture enables the system to boot from either the top (AS29LV400T) or the bottom (AS29LV400B) sector. Sector erase architecture allows specified sectors of memory to be erased and reprogrammed without altering data in other sectors. A sector typically erases and verifies within 1.0 seconds. Hardware sector protection disables both program and erase operations in all or any combination of the eleven sectors. The device provides true background erase with Erase Suspend, which puts erase operations on hold to either read data from or program data to a sector that is not being erased. The chip erase command will automatically erase all unprotected sectors.

A factory shipped AS29LV400 is fully erased (all bits = 1). The programming operation sets bits to 0. Data is programmed into the array one byte at a time in any sequence and across sector boundaries. A sector must be erased to change bits from 0 to 1. Erase returns all bytes in a sector to the erased state (all bits = 1). Each sector is erased individually with no effect on other sectors.

The device features single 3.0V power supply operation for read, write, and erase functions. Internally generated and regulated voltages are provided for the program and erase operations. A low V_{CC} detector automatically inhibits write operations during power transtitions. The RY/BY pin, DATA polling of DQ7, or toggle bit (DQ6) may be used to detect end of program or erase operations. The device automatically resets to the read mode after program/erase operations are completed. DQ2 indicates which sectors are being erased.

The AS29LV400 resists accidental erasure or spurious programming signals resulting from power transitions. Control register architecture permits alteration of memory contents only after successful completion of specific command sequences. During power up, the device is set to read mode with all program/erase commands disabled when V_{CC} is less than V_{LKO} (lockout voltage). The command registers are not affected by noise pulses of less than 5 ns on \overline{OE} , \overline{CE} , or \overline{WE} . To initiate write commands, \overline{CE} and \overline{WE} must be logical zero and \overline{OE} a logical one.

When the device's hardware **RESET** pin is driven low, any program/erase operation in progress is terminated and the internal state machine is reset to read mode. If the **RESET** pin is tied to the system reset circuitry and a system reset occurs during an automated on-chip program/erase algorithm, data in address locations being operated on may become corrupted and requires rewriting. Resetting the device enables the system's microprocessor to read boot-up firmware from the Flash memory.

The AS29LV400 uses Fowler-Nordheim tunnelling to electrically erase all bits within a sector simultaneously. Bytes are programmed one at a time using EPROM programming mechanism of hot electron injection.



Operating modes

CE	OE I	WE	A0	A1	A6	A9	RESET	DQ
	I							
	г	Н	L	L	L	V _{ID}	Н	Code
	L	Н	Н	L	L	V _{ID}	Н	Code
	L	Н	A0	A1	A6	A9	Н	D _{OUT}
H	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Н	High Z
	Н	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Н	High Z
	Н	L	A0	A1	A6	A9	Н	D _{IN}
	V _{ID}	Pulse/L	L	Н	L	V _{ID}	Н	Х
J	V _{ID}	Pulse/L	L	Н	Н	V _{ID}	Н	Х
X	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	Х	V _{ID}	Х
	L	Н	L	Н	L	V _{ID}	Н	Code
	L	Н	L	Н	Н	V _{ID}	Н	Code
X		V _{ID} X L	V _{ID} Pulse/L X X L H	VID Pulse/L L X X X L H L	VID Pulse/L L H X X X X L H L H	V _{ID} Pulse/L L H H X X X X X L H L H L	VID Pulse/L L H H VID X X X X X X L H L H L VID	V _{ID} Pulse/L L H H V _{ID} H X X X X X V _{ID} L H L H L V _{ID}

 $\label{eq:L} \begin{array}{l} L = Low \; (<\!V_{IL}) = logic \; 0; \; H = High \; (>\!V_{IH}) = logic \; 1; \; V_{ID} = 10.0 \pm 1.0V; \; X = don't \; care. \\ In \times 16 \; mode, \; BYTE = V_{IH}. \; In \times 8 \; mode, \; BYTE = V_{IL} \; with \; DQ8-DQ14 \; in \; high \; Z \; and \; DQ15 = A-1. \end{array}$

[†]Verification of sector protect/unprotect during A9 = $\frac{1}{M}$.

Mode definitions

Item	Description
ID MFR code, device code	Selected by A9 = $V_{ID}(9.5V-10.5V)$, $\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = A1 = A6 = L$, enabling outputs. When A0 is low (V_{II}) the output data = 52h, a unique Mfr. code for Alliance Semiconductor Flash products. When A0 is high (V_{IH}), D_{OUT} represents the device code for the AS29LV400.
Read mode	Selected with $\overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = L$, $\overline{WE} = H$. Data is valid in t _{ACC} time after addresses are stable, t _{CE} after \overline{CE} is low and t _{OE} after \overline{OE} is low.
Standby	Selected with $\overline{CE} = H$. Part is powered down, and I_{CC} reduced to <1.0 μ A when $\overline{CE} = V_{CC} \pm 0.3V = \overline{RESET}$. If activated during an automated on-chip algorithm, the device completes the operation before entering standby.
Output disable	Part remains powered up; but outputs disabled with OE pulled high.
Write	Selected with $\overline{CE} = \overline{WE} = L$, $\overline{OE} = H$. Accomplish all Flash erasure and programming through the command register. Contents of command register serve as inputs to the internal state machine. Address latching occurs on the falling edge of \overline{WE} or \overline{CE} , whichever occurs later. Data latching occurs on the rising edge \overline{WE} or \overline{CE} , whichever occurs first. Filters on \overline{WE} prevent spurious noise events from appearing as write commands.
Enable sector protect	Hardware protection circuitry implemented with external programming equipment causes the device to disable program and erase operations for specified sectors. For in-system sector protection, refer to Sector protect algorithm on page 14.
Sector unprotect	Disables sector protection for all sectors using external programming equipment. All sectors must be protected prior to sector unprotection. For in-system sector unprotection, refer to Sector unprotect algorithm on page 14.
Verify sector protect/ unprotect	Verifies write protection for sector. Sectors are protected from program/erase operations on commercial programming equipment. Determine if sector protection exists in a system by writing the ID read command sequence and reading location XXX02h, where address bits A12–17 select the defined sector addresses. A logical 1 on DQ0 indicates a protected sector; a logical 0 indicates an unprotected sector.



Item	Description
Temporary sector unprotect	Temporarily disables sector protection for in-system data changes to protected sectors. Apply $+10V$ to RESET to activate temporary sector unprotect mode. During temporary sector unprotect mode, program protected sectors by selecting the appropriate sector address. All protected sectors revert to protected state on removal of $+10V$ from RESET.
RESET	Resets the interal state machine to read mode. If device is programming or erasing when $\overline{\text{RESET}} = L$, data may be corrupted.
Deep power down	Hold RESET low to enter deep power down mode (<1 μ A). Recovery time to start of first read cycle is 50ns.
Automatic sleep mode	Enabled automatically when addresses remain stable for 300ns. Typical current draw is 1 μ A. Existing data is available to the system during this mode. If an address is changed, automatic sleep mode is disabled and new data is returned within standard access times.

Flexible sector architecture

	Bottom boot sec	tor architecture (AS2	9LV400B)	Top boot sector architecture (AS29LV400T)			
Sector	×8	×16	Size (Kbytes)		×8	×16	Size (Kbytes)
0	00000h-03FFFh	00000h-01FFFh	16		00000h–0FFFFh	00000h-07FFFh	64
1	04000h-05FFFh	02000h-02FFFh	8		10000h–1FFFFh	08000h–0FFFFh	64
2	06000h-07FFFh	03000h-03FFFh	8		20000h-2FFFFh	10000h-17FFFh	64
3	08000h–0FFFFh	04000h-07FFFh	32		30000h-3FFFFh	18000h-1FFFFh	64
4	10000h–1FFFFh	08000h-0FFFFh	64		40000h-4FFFFh	20000h-27FFFh	64
5	20000h-2FFFFh	10000h-17FFFh	64		50000h-5FFFFh	28000h-2FFFFh	64
6	30000h-3FFFFh	18000h–1FFFFh	64	-	60000h-6FFFFh	30000h-37FFFh	64
7	40000h-4FFFFh	20000h-27FFFh	64		70000h-77FFFh	38000h-3BFFFh	32
8	50000h-5FFFFh	28000h-2FFFFh	64		78000h-79FFFh	3C000h-3CFFFh	8
9	60000h-6FFFFh	30000h-37FFFh	64		7A000h–7BFFFh	3D000h-3DFFFh	8
10	70000h-7FFFFh	38000h-3FFFFh	64	-	7C000h-7FFFFh	3E000h-3FFFFh	16

In word mode, there are one 8K word, two 4K word, one 16K word, and seven 32K word sectors. Address range is A17–A-1 if $\overline{BYTE} = V_{IL}$; address range is A17–A0 if $\overline{BYTE} = V_{IH}$.

January 2001



ID Sector address table

	Bottom boot sector address (AS29LV400B)							
Sector	A17	A16	A15	A14	A13	A12		
0	0	0	0	0	0	Х		
1	0	0	0	0	1	0		
2	0	0	0	0	1	1		
3	0	0	0	1	Х	Х		
4	0	0	1	Х	Х	Х		
5	0	1	0	Х	Х	Х		
6	0	1	1	Х	Х	Х		
7	1	0	0	Х	Х	Х		
8	1	0	1	Х	Х	Х		
9	1	1	0	Х	Х	Х		
10	1	1	1	Х	Х	Х		

	Top boot sector address (AS29LV400T)								
A17	A16	A15	A14	A13	A12				
0	0	0	Х	Х	Х				
0	0	1	Х	Х	Х				
0	1	0	Х	Х	Х				
0	1	1	Х	Х	Х				
1	0	0	Х	Х	Х				
1	0	1	Х	Х	Х				
1	1	0	Х	Х	Х				
1	1	1	0	Х	Х				
1	1	1	1	0	0				
1	1	1	1	0	1				
1	1	1	1	1	Х				

READ codes

Mode		A17-A12	A6	A1	A0	Code
MFR code (Alliance Semiconductor)		Х	L	L	L	52h
	×8 T boot	Х	L	L	Н	B9h
Device code	×8 B boot	Х	L	L	Н	BAh
Device code	×16 T boot	Х	L	L	Н	22B9h
	×16 B boot	Х	L	L	Н	22BAh
Sector protection		Sector address	L	Н	L	01h protected 00h unprotected

Key: L =Low (<V_{IL}); H = High (>V_{IH}); X =Don't care



Command format

		Required bus	1st bu	s cycle	2nd bı	ıs cycle	3rd bı	ıs cycle	4th bus	cycle	5th bu	s cycle	6th bu	s cycle
Command se	equence	write cycles	Address	Data	Address	Data	Address	Data	Address	Data	Address	Data	Address	Data
Reset/Read		1	XXXh	FOh	Read Address	Read Data								
Dent /Dent	×16	0	555h	AAh	2AAh	55h	555h	FOh	Read Address	Read				
Reset/Read	×8	3	AAAh	AAn	555h	55N	AAAh	FON	Kead Address	Data				
	×16		555h	AAh	2AAh	55h	555h	90h	01h Device code	22B9h (T) 22BAh (B)				
	×8		AAAh	AAN	555h	55N	AAAh	90n	02h Device code	B9h(T) BAh(B)				
Autoselect	×16	0	555h	AAh	2AAh	55h	555h	90h	00h	0052h				
ID Read	×8	3	AAAh	AAII	555h	2211	AAAh	901	MFR code	52h				
	×16		555h		AAh 555h		555h		XXXO2h Sector protection		001h = protected 000h = unprotected			
	×8		AAAh	AAh			AAAh	90h	XXXO4h Sector protection	0001h=prot 0000h=unp	protected unprotected			
D	×16		555h	4.41	2AAh	771	555h	4.01	D	D D. (
Program	×8	4	AAAh	AAh	555h	55h	AAAh	A0h	Program Address	Program Data				
Unlock bypass	×16	- 3	555	AAh	2AA	55h	555	20h						
Unifock bypass	×8	3	AAA	AAII	555	2211	AAA	2011						
Unlock bypass	program	2	XXX	A0h	Program address	Program data								
Unlock bypass	reset	2	XXX	90h	XXX	00h								
	×16		555h		2AAh		555h	0.01	555h		2AAh		555h	4.01
Chip Erase	×8	6	AAAh	AAh	555h	55h	AAAh	80h	AAAh	AAh	555h	55h	AAAh	10h
Castan Emer	×16	0	555h	AAh	2AAh	55h	555h	001	555h	AAh	2AAh	55h	Sector	30h
Sector Erase	×8	6	AAAh	AAn	555h	55N	AAAh	80h	AAAh	AAn	555h	220	Address	JUN
Sector Erase Su	ıspend	1	XXXh	BOh										
Sector Erase Re	sume	1	XXXh	30h										

1 Bus operations defined in "Mode definitions," on page 3.

2 Reading from and programming to non-erasing sectors allowed in Erase Suspend mode.

3 Address bits A11-A17 = X = Don't Care for all address commands except where Program Address and Sector Address are required.

4 Data bits DQ15-DQ8 are don't care for unlock and command cycles.

5 The Unlock Bypass command must be initiated before the Unlock Bypass Program command.

6 The Unlock Bypass Reset command returns the device to reading array data when it is in the unlock bypass mode.



Item	Description
Reset/Read	Initiate read or reset operations by writing the Read/Reset command sequence into the command register. This allows the microprocessor to retrieve data from the memory. Device remains in read mode until command register contents are altered.
	Device automatically powers up in read/reset state. This feature allows only reads, therefore ensuring no spurious memory content alterations during power up.
	AS29LV400 provides manufacturer and device codes in two ways. External PROM programmers typically access the device codes by driving $+10V$ on A9. AS29LV400 also contains an ID Read command to read the device code with only $+3V$, since multiplexing $+10V$ on address lines is generally undesirable.
ID Read	Initiate device ID read by writing the ID Read command sequence into the command register. Follow with a read sequence from address XXX00h to return MFR code. Follow ID Read command sequence with a read sequence from address XXX01h to return device code.
	To verify write protect status on sectors, read address XXX02h. Sector addresses A17–A12 produce a 1 on DQ0 for protected sector and a 0 for unprotected sector.
	Exit from ID read mode with Read/Reset command sequence.
Hardware Reset	Holding RESET low for 500 ns resets the device, terminating any operation in progress; data handled in the operation is corrupted. The internal state machine resets 20 µs after RESET is driven low. RY/BY remains low until internal state machine resets. After RESET is set high, there is a delay of 50 ns for the device to permit read operations.
	Programming the AS29LV400 is a four bus cycle operation performed on a byte-by-byte or word- by-word basis. Two unlock write cycles precede the Program Setup command and program data write cycle. Upon execution of the program command, no additional CPU controls or timings are necessary. Addresses are latched on the falling edge of CE or WE, whichever is last; data is latched on the rising edge of CE or WE, whichever is first. The AS29LV400's automated on-chip program algorithm provides adequate internally-generated programming pulses and verifies the programmed cell margin.
Byte/word Programming	Check programming status by sampling data on the RY/BY pin, or either the DATA polling (DQ7) or toggle bit (DQ6) at the program address location. The programming operation is complete if DQ7 returns equivalent data, if DQ6 = no toggle, or if RY/BY pin = high.
	The AS29LV400 ignores commands written during programming. A hardware reset occurring during programming may corrupt the data at the programmed location.
	AS29LV400 allows programming in any sequence, across any sector boundary. Changing data from 0 to 1 requires an erase operation. Attempting to program data 0 to 1 results in either $DQ5 = 1$ (exceeded programming time limits); reading this data after a read/reset operation returns a 0. When programming time limit is exceeded, DQ5 reads high, and DQ6 continues to toggle. In this state, a Reset command returns the device to read mode.



Item	Description
	The unlock bypass feature increases the speed at which the system programs bytes or words to the device because it bypasses the first two unlock cycles of the standard program command sequence.
	To initiate the unlock bypass command sequence, two unlock cycles must be written, then followed by a third cycle which has the unlock bypass command, 20h.
Unlock Bypass Command Sequence	The device then begins the unlock bypass mode. In order to program in this mode, a two cycle unlock bypass program sequence is required. The first cycle has the unlock bypass program command, A0h. It is followed by a second cycle which has the program address and data. To program additional data, the same sequence must be followed.
	The unlock bypass mode has two valid commands, the Unlock Bypass Program command and the Unlock Bypass Reset command. The only way the system can exit the unlock bypass mode is by issuing the unlock bypass reset command sequence. This sequence involves two cycles. The first cycle contains the data, 90h. The second cycle contains the data 00h. Addresses are don't care for both cycles. The device then returns to reading array data.
Chip Erase	Chip erase requires six bus cycles: two unlock write cycles; a setup command, two additional unlock write cycles; and finally the Chip Erase command.
	Chip erase does not require logical 0s to be written prior to erasure. When the automated on-chip erase algorithm is invoked with the Chip Erase command sequence, AS29IV400 automatically programs and verifies the entire memory array for an all-zero pattern prior to erase. The 29LV400 returns to read mode upon completion of chip erase unless DQ5 is set high as a result of exceeding time limit.
	Sector erase requires six bus cycles: two unlock write cycles, a setup command, two additional unlock write cycles, and finally the Sector Erase command. Identify the sector to be erased by addressing any location in the sector. The address is latched on the falling edge of WE; the command, 30h is latched on the rising edge of WE. The sector erase operation begins after a sector erase time-out.
Sector Erase	To erase multiple sectors, write the Sector Erase command to each of the addresses of sectors to erase after following the six bus cycle operation above. Timing between writes of additional sectors must be less than the erase time-out period, or the AS29LV400 ignores the command and erasure begins. During the time-out period any falling edge of WE resets the time-out. Any command (other than Sector Erase or Erase Suspend) during time-out period resets the AS29LV400 to read mode, and the device ignores the sector erase command string. Erase such ignored sectors by restarting the Sector Erase command on the ignored sectors.
	The entire array need not be written with 0s prior to erasure. AS29LV400 writes 0s to the entire sector prior to electrical erase; writing of 0s affects only selected sectors, leaving non-selected sectors unaffected. AS29LV400 requires no CPU control or timing signals during sector erase operations.
	Automatic sector erase begins after sector erase time-out from the last rising edge of WE from the sector erase command stream and ends when the DATA polling (DQ7) is logical 1. DATA polling address must be performed on addresses that fall within the sectors being erased. AS29LV400 returns to read mode after sector erase unless DQ5 is set high by exceeding the time limit.



Item	Description
	Erase Suspend allows interruption of sector erase operations to read data from or program data to a sector not being erased. Erase suspend applies only during sector erase operations, including the time-out period. Writing an Erase Suspend command during sector erase time-out results in immediate termination of the time-out period and suspension of erase operation.
Erase Suspend	AS29LV400 ignores any commands during erase suspend other than Read/Reset, Program or Erase Resume commands. Writing the Erase Resume Command continues erase operations. Addresses are Don't Care when writing Erase Suspend or Erase Resume commands.
	AS29LV400 takes 0.2–15 μ s to suspend erase operations after receiving Erase Suspend command. To determine completion of erase suspend, either check DQ6 after selecting an address of a sector not being erased, or poll RY/BY. Check DQ2 in conjunction with DQ6 to determine if a sector is being erased. AS29LV400 ignores redundant writes of Erase Suspend.
	While in erase-suspend mode, AS29LV400 allows reading data (erase-suspend-read mode) from or programming data (erase-suspend-program mode) to any sector not undergoing sector erase; these operations are treated as standard read or standard programming mode. AS29LV400 defaults to erase-suspend-read mode while an erase operation has been suspended.
	Write the Resume command 30h to continue operation of sector erase. AS29LV400 ignores redundant writes of the Resume command. AS29LV400 permits multiple suspend/resume operations during sector erase.
Sector Protect	When attempting to write to a protected sector, $\overline{\text{DATA}}$ polling and Toggle Bit 1 (DQ6) are activated for about <1 µs. When attempting to erase a protected sector, $\overline{\text{DATA}}$ polling and Toggle Bit 1 (DQ6) are activated for about <5 µs. In both cases, the device returns to read mode without altering the specified sectors.
Ready/Busy	RY/BY indicates whether an automated on-chip algorithm is in progress (RY/BY = low) or completed (RY/BY = high). The device does not accept Program/Erase commands when RY/BY = low. RY/BY = high when device is in erase suspend mode. RY/BY = high when device exceeds time limit, indicating that a program or erase operation has failed. RY/BY is an open drain output, enabling multiple RY/BY pins to be tied in parallel with a pull up resistor to V _{CC} .



Status operations	
DATA polling (DQ7)	Only active during automated on-chip algorithms or sector erase time outs. DQ7 reflects complement of data last written when read during the automated on-chip program algorithm (0 during erase algorithm); reflects true data when read after completion of an automated on-chip program algorithm (1 after completion of erase agorithm).
Toggle bit 1 (DQ6)	Active during automated on-chip algorithms or sector erase time outs. DQ6 toggles when \overline{CE} or \overline{OE} toggles, or an Erase Resume command is invoked. DQ6 is valid after the rising edge of the fourth pulse of WE during programming; after the rising edge of the sixth WE pulse during chip erase; after the last rising edge of the sector erase WE pulse for sector erase. For protected sectors, DQ6 toggles for <1 µs during program mode writes, and <5 µs during erase (if all selected sectors are protected).
Exceeding time limit (DQ5)	Indicates unsuccessful completion of program/erase operation (DQ5 = 1). DATA polling remains active. If DQ5 = 1 during chip erase, all or some sectors are defective; during byte programming or sector erase, the sector is defective (in this case, reset the device and execute a program or erase command sequence to continue working with functional sectors). Attempting to program 0 to 1 will set DQ5 = 1.
Sector erase timer (DQ3)	Checks whether sector erase timer window is open. If $DQ3 = 1$, erase is in progress; no commands will be accepted. If $DQ3 = 0$, the device will accept sector erase commands. Check DQ3 before and after each Sector Erase command to verify that the command was accepted.
Toggle bit 2 (DQ2)	During sector erase, DQ2 toggles with \overline{OE} or \overline{CE} only during an attempt to read a sector being erased. During chip erase, DQ2 toggles with \overline{OE} or \overline{CE} for all addresses. If DQ5 = 1, DQ2 toggles only at sector addresses where failure occurred, and will not toggle at other sector addresses. Use DQ2 in conjunction with DQ6 to determine whether device is in auto erase or erase suspend mode.

Write operation status

	Status	DQ7	DQ6	DQ5	DQ3	DQ2	RY/BY
Standard made	Auto programming	$\overline{DQ7}$ Toggle 0 N/A No toggle 0 se 0 Toggle 0 1 Toggle [†] 0 1 No toggle 0 N/A Toggle 0 Data Data Data Data Data Data DQ7 Toggle 0 N/A Toggle [†] 0 DQ7 Toggle 1 N/A No toggle 0 se 0 Toggle 1 N/A No toggle	0				
Standard mode	Program/erase in auto erase	0	Toggle	0	1	Toggle^\dagger	0
	Read erasing sector	1	No toggle	0	N/A	Toggle	1
Erase suspend mode	Read non-erasing sector	Data	Data	Data	Data	Data	1
	Program in erase suspend	DQ7	Toggle	0	N/A	Toggle^\dagger	0
	Auto programming (byte)	DQ7	Toggle	1	N/A	No toggle	1
Exceeded time limits	Program/erase in auto erase	0	Toggle	1	N/A	Toggle^\dagger	1
	Program in erase suspend (non-erase suspended sector)	DQ7Toggle0N/ANo toggle0n/erase in auto erase0Toggle01Toggle0asing sector1No toggle0N/AToggle1on-erasing sectorDataDataDataDataDatain erase suspendDQ7Toggle0N/AToggle1ogramming (byte)DQ7Toggle1N/ANo toggle1n/erase in auto erase0Toggle1N/ANo toggle1n in erase suspendDQ7Toggle1N/ANo toggle1n in erase suspendase suspended sector)DQ7Toggle1N/ANo toggle1	1				

DQ2 toggles when an erase-suspended sector is read repeatedly.

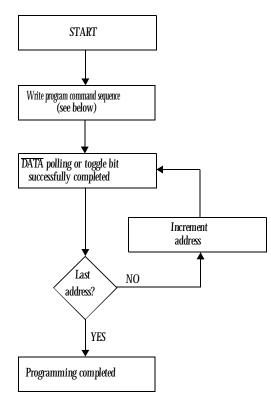
DQ6 toggles when any address is read repeatedly.

DQ2 = 1 if byte address being programmed is read during erase-suspend program mode.

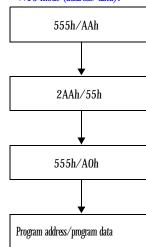
[†]DQ2 toggles when the read address applied points to a sector which is undergoing erase, suspended erase, or a failure to erase.

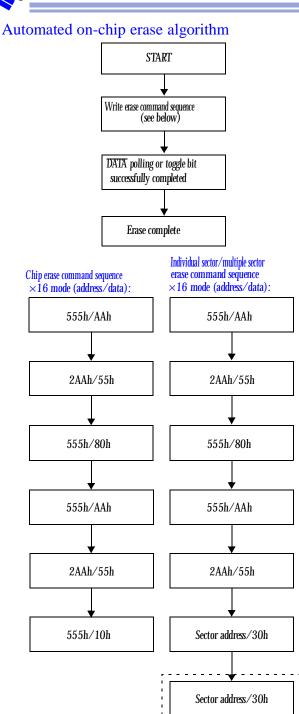


Automated on-chip programming algorithm



Program command sequence $\times 16$ mode (address/data):





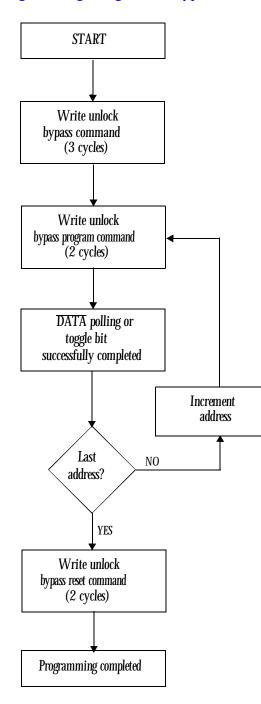
[†] The system software should check the status of DQ3 prior to and following each subsequent sector erase command to ensure command completion. The device may not have accepted the command if DQ3 is high on second status check.

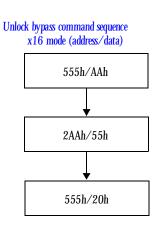
Sector address/30h

optional sector erase commands

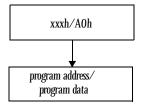


Programming using unlock bypass command

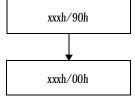




Unlock bypass program command sequence x16 mode (address/data)



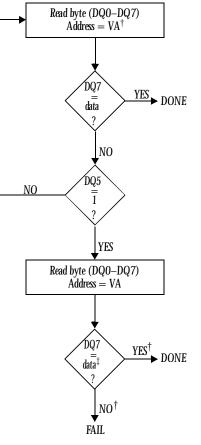


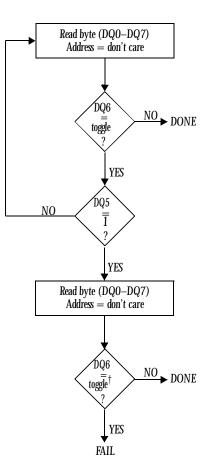




Toggle bit algorithm

DATA polling algorithm





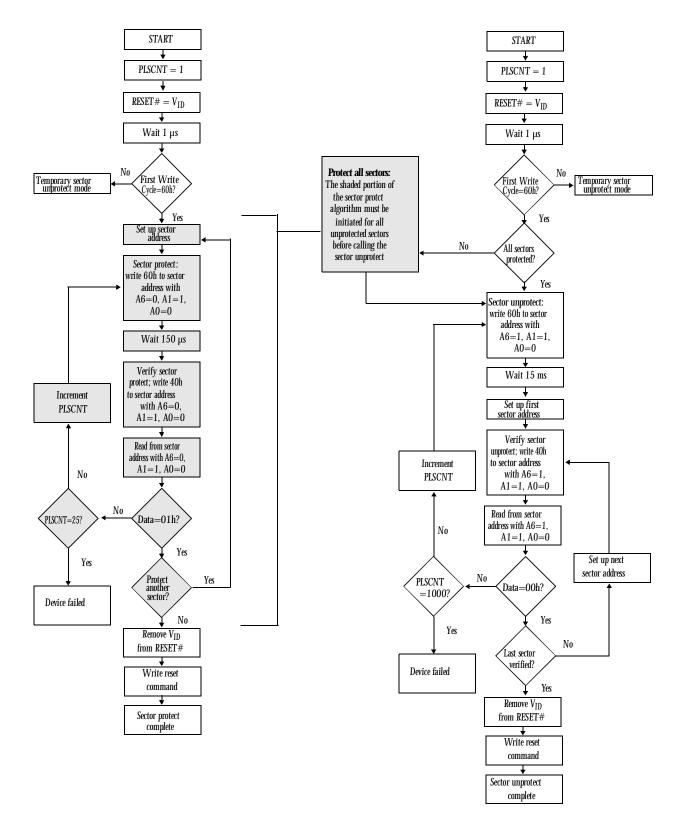
- [†] VA = Byte address for programming VA = any of the sector addresses within the sector being erased during Sector Erase. VA = valid address equals any non-protected sector group address during Chip Erase.
- [‡] DQ7 rechecked even if DQ5 = 1 because DQ5 and DQ7 may not change simultaneously.

[†]DQ6 rechecked even if DQ5 = 1 because DQ6 may stop toggling when DQ5 changes to 1.



Sector protect algorithm

Sector unprotect algorithm





			$V_{\rm CC} = 2$	2.7–3.6V
Symbol	Test conditions	Min	Max	Unit
I _{LI}	$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to $V_{CC},V_{CC} = V_{CC\;MAX}$	-	±1	μΑ
I _{LIT}	$V_{CC} = V_{CC MAX}$, A9 = 10V		35	μΑ
I _{LO}	$V_{OUT} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} , $V_{CC} = V_{CC MAX}$	-	±1	μΑ
I _{CC1}	$\overline{CE} = V_{IL}, \ \overline{OE} = V_{IH}$	-	20	mA
I _{CC2}	$\overline{\text{CE}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \ \overline{\text{OE}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}$	-	100	mA
I _{CC3}	$\label{eq:cell} \begin{array}{l} \hline \textbf{CE} = \textbf{V}_{IL}, \ \hline \textbf{OE} = \textbf{V}_{IH}; \\ \textbf{V}_{IL} = \textbf{0.3V}, \ \textbf{V}_{IH} = \textbf{V}_{CC} - \textbf{0.3V} \end{array}$	-	5	μΑ
I _{SB}	$CE = V_{CC}$ - 0.3V, $RESET = V_{CC}$ 3V	-	5	μΑ
I _{PD}	$\overline{\text{RESET}} = 0.3 \text{V}$	-	5	μΑ
V _{IL}		-0.5	0.8	V
V _{IH}		$0.7 \times V_{CC}$	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
V _{OL}	$I_{OL} = 4.0 \text{mA}, V_{CC} = V_{CC \text{ MIN}}$	-	0.45	V
V _{OH}	I_{OH} = -2.0 mA, V_{CC} = $V_{CC MIN}$	$0.85 \times V_{CC}$	-	V
V _{LKO}		1.5	-	V
V _{ID}		9	11	V
	I _{LI} I _{LIT} I _{LO} I _{CC1} I _{CC2} I _{CC3} I _{SB} I _{SB} V _{IL} V _{IL} V _{IH} V _{OL} V _{OH}	I_{LI} $V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} , $V_{CC} = V_{CC MAX}$ I_{LIT} $V_{CC} = V_{CC MAX}$, $A9 = 10V$ I_{LO} $V_{OUT} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} , $V_{CC} = V_{CC MAX}$ I_{CC1} $CE = V_{IL}$, $OE = V_{IH}$ I_{CC2} $CE = V_{IL}$, $OE = V_{IH}$ I_{CC3} $CE = V_{IL}$, $OE = V_{IH}$; $V_{IL} = 0.3V$, $V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.3V$ I_{SB} $CE = V_{CC} - 0.3V$, $RESET = V_{CC}3V$ I_{PD} $RESET = 0.3V$ V_{IL} V_{IL} V_{IH} $I_{OL} = 4.0mA$, $V_{CC} = V_{CC MIN}$ V_{OH} $I_{OH} = -2.0 mA$, $V_{CC} = V_{CC MIN}$	III $V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} , $V_{CC} = V_{CC MAX}$ - ILIT $V_{CC} = V_{CC MAX}$, $A9 = 10V$ - ILO $V_{OUT} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} , $V_{CC} = V_{CC MAX}$ - ICO $V_{OUT} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} , $V_{CC} = V_{CC MAX}$ - ICO $CE = V_{IL}$, $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ - ICC2 $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ - ICC3 $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$; $V_{IL} = 0.3V$, $V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.3V$ - ISB $\overline{CE} = V_{CC} - 0.3V$, $\overline{RESET} = V_{CC}3V$ - IpD $\overline{RESET} = 0.3V$ - VIL -0.5 - V_{IL} 0.7 × V_{CC} - VOL I_{OL} = 4.0mA, V_{CC} = V_{CC MIN} - V_{OH} I_{OH} = -2.0 mA, V_{CC} = V_{CC MIN} - V_{LKO} I.5	Symbol Test conditions Min Max I_{LI} $V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} . $V_{CC} = V_{CC MAX}$ - ±1 I_{LIT} $V_{CC} = V_{CC MAX}$, $A9 = 10V$ 35 I_{LO} $V_{OUT} = V_{SS}$ to V_{CC} . $V_{CC} = V_{CC MAX}$ - ±1 I_{CC1} $CE = V_{IL}$. $OE = V_{IH}$ - 20 I_{CC2} $CE = V_{IL}$. $OE = V_{IH}$ - 100 I_{CC3} $CE = V_{IL}$. $OE = V_{IH}$; $V_{IL} = 0.3V$. $V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.3V$ - 5 I_{SB} $CE = V_{CC} - 0.3V$, $RESET = V_{CC}3V$ - 5 I_{PD} $RESET = 0.3V$ - 5 V_{IL} -0.5 0.8 V_{IH} $I_{OL} = 4.0$ mA, $V_{CC} = V_{CC MIN}$ - 0.45 V_{OH} $I_{OH} = -2.0$ mA, $V_{CC} = V_{CC MIN}$ 0.85 $\times V_{CC}$ - V_{LKO} $I_{OH} = -2.0$ mA, $V_{CC} = V_{CC MIN}$ 1.5 -

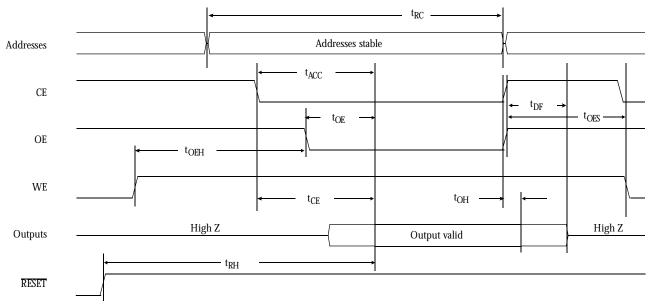
* Automatic sleep mode enables the deep power down mode when addresses are stable for 150 ns. Typical sleep mode current is 200 nA.



AC parameters — read cycle

JEDEC			-8	30	-6	0	-1	20	
Symbol	Std Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
t _{AVAV}	t _{RC}	Read cycle time	80	-	90	-	120	-	ns
t _{AVQV}	t _{ACC}	Address to output delay	-	80	-	90	-	120	ns
t _{ELQV}	t _{CE}	Chip enable to output	-	80	-	90	-	120	ns
t _{GLQV}	t _{OE}	Output enable to output	-	30	-	35	-	50	ns
	t _{OES}	Output enable setup time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{EHQZ}	t _{DF}	Chip enable to output High Z	-	20	-	30	-	30	ns
t _{GHQZ}	t _{DF}	Output enable to output High Z	-	20	-	30	-	30	ns
t _{AXQX}	t _{OH}	Output hold time from addresses, first occurrence of $\overline{\text{CE}}$ or $\overline{\text{OE}}$	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
		Output enable hold time: Read	10	-	10	-	10	-	ns
	t _{OEH}	Output enable hold time: Toggle and data polling	10	-	10	-	10	-	ns
t _{PHQV}	t _{RH}	RESET high to output delay	-	50	-	50	-	50	ns
	t _{READY}	RESET pin low to read mode	-	10	-	10	-	10	μs
	t _{RP}	RESET pulse	500	-	500	-	500	-	ns

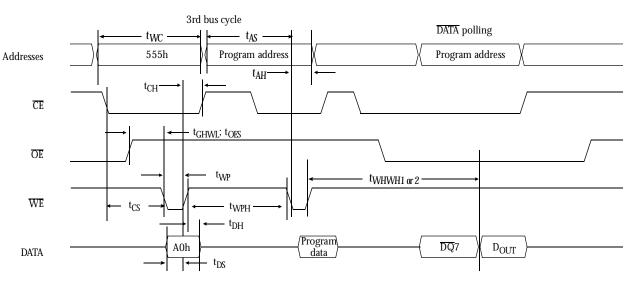
Read waveform





AC para	meters —	write cycle						$\overline{\text{WE}}$ c	ontrolled
JEDEC			-8	30	-9	90	-120		
Symbol	Std Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
t _{AVAV}	t _{WC}	Write cycle time	80	-	90	-	120	-	ns
t _{AVWL}	t _{AS}	Address setup time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{WLAX}	t _{AH}	Address hold time	45	-	45	-	50	-	ns
t _{DVWH}	t _{DS}	Data setup time	35	-	45	-	50	-	ns
t _{WHDX}	t _{DH}	Data hold time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{GHWL}	t _{GHWL}	Read recover time before write	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{ELWL}	t _{CS}	CE setup time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
tWHEH	t _{CH}	CE hold time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{WIWH}	t _{WP}	Write pulse width	35	-	35	-	50	-	ns
t _{WHWL}	t _{WPH}	Write pulse width high	30	-	30	-	30	-	ns

Write waveform



$\overline{\text{WE}}$ controlled

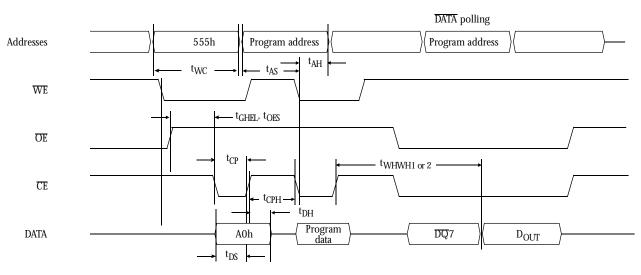
AS29LV400



AC para	meters — w	rite cycle 2						CE	controlled
JEDEC			-8	30	-(90	-1	20	
Symbol	Std Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
t _{AVAV}	t _{WC}	Write cycle time	80	-	90	-	120	-	ns
t _{AVEL}	t _{AS}	Address setup time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{ELAX}	t _{AH}	Address hold time	45	-	45	-	50	-	ns
t _{DVEH}	t _{DS}	Data setup time	35	-	45	-	50	-	ns
t _{EHDX}	t _{DH}	Data hold time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{GHEL}	t _{GHEL}	Read recover time before write	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
tWLEL	t _{WS}	WE setup time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{EHWH}	t _{WH}	WE hold time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{ELEH}	t _{CP}	CE pulse width	35	-	35	-	50	-	ns
t _{EHEL}	t _{CPH}	CE pulse width high	30	-	30	-	30	-	ns

Write waveform 2

 $\overline{\text{CE}}$ controlled

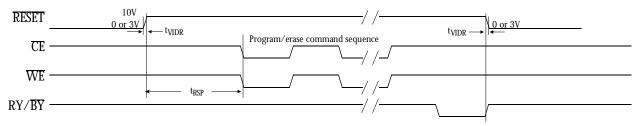




AC parameters — temporary sector unprotect

JEDEC	DEC		-80		-90		-120		
Symbol	Std Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
	t _{VIDR}	V_{ID} rise and fall time	500	-	500	-	500	-	ns
	t _{RSP}	RESET setup time for temporary sector unprotect	4	-	4	-	4	-	μs

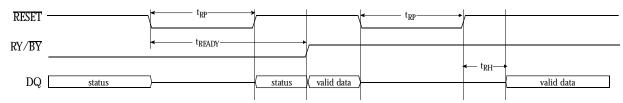
Temporary sector unprotect waveform



AC parameters — $\overline{\text{RESET}}$

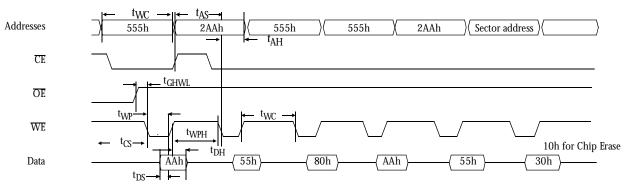
JEDEC			-80		-(90	-120		
Symbol	Std Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
	t _{RP}	RESET pulse	500	-	500	-	500	-	ns
	t _{RH}	RESET High time before Read	-	50	-	50	-	50	ns
	t _{READY}	RESET Low to Read mode	-	10	-	10	-	10	μs

$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ waveform



Erase waveform

×16 mode

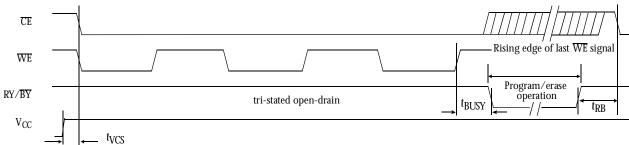




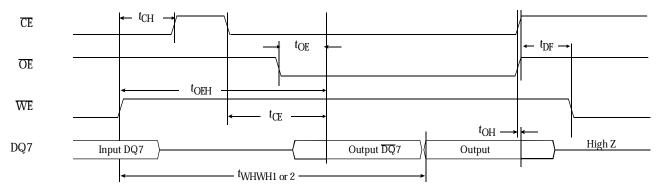
AC Parameters — READY/BUSY

JEDEC			-8	80	-{	90	-1	20	
Symbol	Std Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
-	t _{VCS}	V _{CC} setup time	50	-	50	-	50	-	μs
-	t _{RB}	Recovery time from RY/BY	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
-	t _{BUSY}	Program/erase valid to RY/BY delay	90	-	90	-	90	-	ns

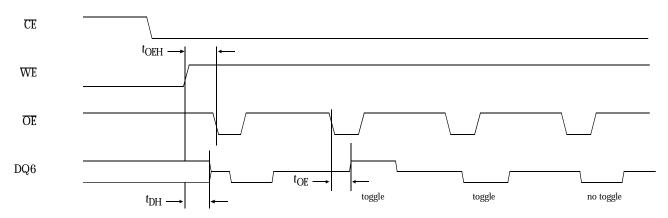
RY/BY waveform



DATA polling waveform



Toggle bit waveform

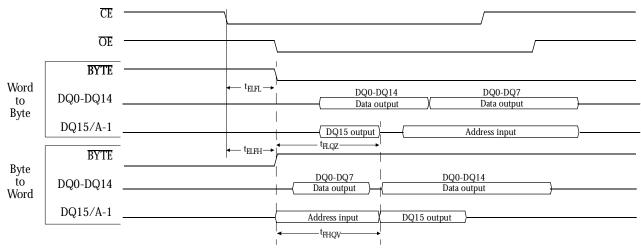




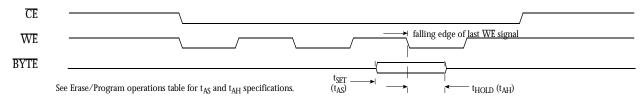
Word/byte configuration

JEDEC			-8	30	-9	90	-1	20	
Symbol	Std Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
-	t _{ELFL} /t _{ELFH}	CE to BYTE switching Low or High	-	10	-	10	-	10	ns
-	t _{FLQZ}	BYTE switching Low to output High-Z	-	30	-	35	-	40	ns
-	t _{FHQZ}	BYTE switching High to output Active	80	-	90	-	120	-	ns

BYTE read waveform



BYTE write waveform

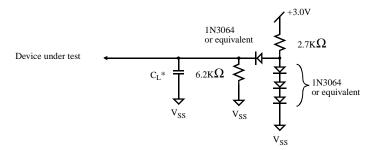


V_{ID} \overline{V}_{IH} RESET# SA, A6, Valid* Valid* Don't care Don't care Don't care Valid* A1, A0 Sector protect/unprotect Verify Don't care 60h 60h 40h Don't care Status DATA Sector protect: 100 µs Sector unprotect: 10 ms 1 µs CE# WE# OE# * For sector protect, A6=0, A1=1, A0=0. For sector unprotect, A6=1, A1=1, A0=0.

Sector protect/unprotect



AC test conditions



Test specifications

Test Condition	80	90, 120	Unit	
Output Load		1 TTL gate		
Output Load Capacitance C_L (including jig capacitance)	30	100	pF	
Input Rise and Fall Times		5	ns	
Input Pulse Levels	5 0.0-3.0		V	
Input timing measurement reference levels	1	1.5		
Output timing measurement reference levels	1	.5	V	

Erase and programming performance

			Limits		
Parameter		Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Sector erase and verify-1 time (excludes 00h programming prior to erase)		-	1.0	15	sec
Due gromming time	Byte	-	10	300	μs
Programming time -	Word	-	15	360	μs
Chip programming time		-	7.2	27	sec
Erase/program cycles [*]		-	100,000	-	cycles

* Erase/program cycle test is not verified on each shipped unit.

Latchup tolerance

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage with respect to $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize SS}}$ on A9, OE, and RESET pin	-1.0	+12.0	V
Input voltage with respect to $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize SS}}$ on all DQ, address, and control pins	-0.5	VCC+0.5	V
Current	-100	+100	mA

Includes all pins except $V_{CC}.$ Test conditions: $V_{CC}=$ 3.0V, one pin at a time.

Recommended operating conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	+2.7	+3.6	V
Supply voltage	V _{SS}	0	0	V
Input voltage	V _{IH}	1.9	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
Input voltage	V _{IL}	-0.5	0.8	V



Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage (Input or DQ pin)	V _{IN}	-0.5	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
Input voltage (A9 pin, OE, RESET)	V _{IN}	-0.5	+12.5	V
Power supply voltage	V _{CC}	-0.5	+4.0	V
Operating temperature	T _{OPR}	-55	+125	°C
Storage temperature (plastic)	T _{STG}	-65	+150	°C
Short circuit output current	I _{OUT}	-	150	mA

Stresses greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

TSOP pin capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Test setup	Тур	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0$	6	7.5	pF
C _{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_{OUT} = 0$	8.5	12	pF
C _{IN2}	Control pin capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0$	8	10	pF

SO pin capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Test setup	Тур	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0$	6	7.5	pF
C _{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_{OUT} = 0$	8.5	12	pF
C _{IN2}	Control pin capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0$	8	10	pF

Data retention

Parameter	Temp. (°C)	Min	Unit
Minimum nottonn data rotantian time	150°	10	years
Minimum pattern data retention time	125°	20	years



AS29LV400 ordering codes

Package \ Access Time	80 ns (commercial/industrial)	90 ns (commercial/industrial)	120 ns (commercial/industrial)
TSOP, 12×20 mm, 48-pin	AS29LV400T-80TC	AS29LV400T-90TC	AS29LV400T-120TC
Top boot configuration	AS29LV400T-80TI	AS29LV400T-90TI	AS29LV400T-120TI
TSOP, 12×20 mm, 48-pin	AS29LV400B-80TC	AS29LV400B-90TC	AS29LV400B-120TC
Bottom boot configuration	AS29LV400B-80TI	AS29LV400B-90TI	AS29LV400B-120TI
SO, 13.3 mm, 44-pin	AS29LV400T-80SC	AS29LV400T-90SC	AS29LV400T-120SC
Top boot configuration	AS29LV400T-80SI	AS29LV400T-90SI	AS29LV400T-120SI
SO, 13.3 mm, 44-pin	AS29LV400B-80SC	AS29LV400B-90SC	AS29LV400B-120SC
Bottom boot configuration	AS29LV400B-80SI	AS29LV400B-90SI	AS29LV400B-120SI

AS29LV400 part numbering system

AS29LV	400	Х	-XXX	Х	Х	Х
3V Flash EEPROM prefix	Device number	T= Top boot configuration B= Bottom boot configuration	Address access time	Package: S = SOJ T = TSOP	Temperature range: C = Commercial: 0°C to 70°C I = Industrial: -40°C to 85°C	Options: B = Burn-in H = High I _{SB} (<1mA) Blank= Standard

12/21/00

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